

Strand	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	I can count within 100, forwards and backwards, starting with any number.		I know that 10 tens are equivalent to 1 hundred and that 100 is the 10 times the size of 10.  I can apply 10 tens = 100 to identify and work out how many 10s are in other 3-digit multiples of 10.	I know that 10 hundreds are equivalent to 1 thousand and that 1000 is 10 times the size of 100.  I can apply 10 hundreds = 1000 to identify and work out how many 100s there are in other 4-digit multiples of 100.	I know that 10 tenths are equivalent to 1 one and that 1 is 10 times the size of 0.1  I know that 100 hundredths are equivalent to 1 one, and 1 is 100 times the size of 0.01.  I know that 10 hundredths are equivalent to 1 tenth, and that 0.1 is 10 times the size of 0.01.	I understand the relationship between powers of 10 from 1 hundredth to 10 million, and use this to make any number 10, 100, 1,000, 1 tenth, 1 hundredth or 1 thousandth times the size (multiply and divide by 10, 100 or 1000).
oer: Place Value		I can recognise the place value of each digit in 2-digit numbers.  I can compose and decompose 2-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning	I can recognise the place value of each digit in 3-digit numbers.  I can compose and decompose 3-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning	I can recognise the place value of each digit in 4-digit numbers.  I can compose and decompose 4-digit number using standard and nonstandard partitioning.	I can recognise the place value of each digit in numbers with up to 2 decimal places.  I can compose and decompose numbers with up to 2 decimal places using standard and non-standard portioning.	I can recognise the place value of each digit in numbers up to 10 million, including decimal fractions. I can compose and decompose numbers up to 10 million using standard and nonstandard partitioning.
Number:	I can reason about the location of numbers up to 20 on the number line, including comparing with <, > and =.	I can reason about the location of 2-digit numbers on the number line, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 10.	I can reason about the location of any 3-digit number on the number line, including identifying the previous or next multiple of 100 or 1000.  I can round to the nearest multiple of 10, 100 or 1000.	I can reason about the location of any 4-digit number on the number line, including identifying the previous or next multiple of 100 or 1000.  I can round to the nearest multiple of 10, 100 or 1000.	I can reason about the location of any number with up to 2 decimal places on the number line, including identifying the previous or next multiple of 1 or 0.1.  I can round to the nearest multiple of 1 or 0.1.	I can reason about the location of any number up to 10 million on the number line, including decimal fractions. I can round numbers appropriately, including in context.
					I can convert between units of measure, including using common decimals and fractions.	
λ <sub>2</sub>	I can develop fluency in addition subtraction facts (number bonds) within 10.	I can fluently recall addition and subtraction facts within 10 (number bonds).	I can fluently recall addition and subtraction facts that bridge 10.			
Number: Fluency	I can count forwards and backwards in multiples of 2, 5 and 10, up to 10 multiples, beginning with any multiple.  I can count forwards and backwards through the odd numbers.		I can recall multiplication and division facts in the 10, 5, 2, 4 and 8 times tables.  I can recognise the commutativity between multiplication and division facts (e.g 5 x 4 = 20, 4 x 5 = 20, 20 ÷ 5 = 4)	I can recall multiplication and division facts up to $12 \times 12$ .  I can recognise the commutativity between multiplication and division facts (e.g $7 \times 9 = 63$ , $9 \times 7 = 63$ , $63 \div 7 = 9$ )	I can fluently recall multiplication facts and corresponding division facts through continued practice.	



		1				
				I can solve division problems, with 2-digit dividends and 1-digit divisors that involve remainders.  I can interpret remainders appropriately according to the context.		
			I can apply my knowledge of place value to additive and multiplicative numbers facts (scaling facts by 10).	I can apply place value knowledge to know additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling by 100).	I can apply place value knowledge to know additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling by 1 tenth or 1 hundredth).	
	I can compose number to 10 from 2 parts.  I can partition numbers to 10 into parts, including recognising odd and even numbers.	I can add and subtract across 10.	I can calculate complements to 100 (eg 36 + 64 = 100).			I understand that 2 numbers can be related additively or multiplicatively, and quantify additive and multiplicative relationships.  e.g John drives 20km. Matt drives 60km.  John drives 40km further than Matt (additive)  Matt drives 3 times further than John (multiplicative)
and Subtraction	I can read, write and interpret equations containing addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) symbols.  I can relate additive expression and equations to real-life contexts.	I can recognise the subtraction structure of 'difference'.  I can answer questions in the form 'How many more?'.	I can add and subtract up to 3-digit numbers using columnar methods.			I can use a given additive or multiplicative calculation to derive or complete a related calculation, using arithmetic properties, inverse relationships, and place value understanding.  327 + 515 = 842 Use this calculation to complete the following equations + 61.5 = 84.2 8,420 = 3,270
Addition a		I can add and subtract within 100 by applying related 1-digit addition and subtraction facts: add or subtract only ones or tens to/from a 2-digit number.	I understand the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and how they both relate to the part-part-whole structure.  I understand and use the commutative property of addition and understand the related property for subtraction.			I can solve problems involving ratio relationships.
		I can add and subtract within 100 by applying related 1-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and subtract any 2 2-digit numbers.				I can solve problems with 2 unknowns.



uo	I can recognise repeated addition contexts, representing them with multiplication equations and calculating the product, within the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables.	I can apply known multiplication and division facts to solve contextual problems with quotitive and partitive division.	I can multiply and divide whole numbers by 10 and 100 and understand this as equivalent to making a number 10 or 100 times the size.	I can multiply and divide numbers by 10 and 100 and understand this as equivalent to making a number 10 or 100 times the size, or 1 tenth or 1 hundredth times the size.	
Multiplication and Division	I can relate grouping problems where the number of groups is unknown to multiplication equations with a missing factor, and to division equations.  20 ÷ = 5		I can manipulate multiplication and division equations, and understand and apply the commutative property of multiplication.	I can find factors and multiples of positive whole numbers, including common factors and common multiples.  I can express a given number as a product of 2 or 3 factors.	
			I understand and apply the distributive property of multiplication.	I can multiply any whole number with up to 4-digits by any 1-digit number using a formal written method.	
				I can divide a number with up to 4-digits by a 1-digit number using a formal written method.	
				I can interpret remainders appropriately for the context.	
		I can interpret and write proper fractions to represent 1 or several parts of a whole that is			I can recognise when fraction can be simplified.  I can use common factors to simplify
Fractions		I can find unit fraction of quantities using division facts.		I can find non-unit fractions of quantities.	I can express fractions in a common denomination and use this to compare fractions that are similar in value.
		I can reason about the location of any fraction within 1 on the number line.	I can reason about the location of mixed numbers on the number line.		I can compare fractions with different denominators, including fractions greater than 1, using reasoning and choose between reasoning and common denomination as a comparison strategy.
			I can convert mixed numbers to improper fractions and vice versa.	I can find equivalent fractions and understand that they have the same value and the same position on the number line.	
		I can add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, within 1.	I can add and subtract improper and mixed fractions with the same denominator, including bridging whole numbers.	I can recall the decimal fraction equivalents for ½, ¼, 1/5, and 1/10 and multiples of these proper fractions.	



	I can recognise common	I can use precise language	I can recognise right		I can compare angles, estimate and	
	2D and 3D shapes	to describe the properties	angles as a property of a		measure angles in degrees.	
	presented in different	of 2D and 3D shapes.	shape or a description of			
	orientations.		a turn.		I can draw angles of a given size.	
		I can compare shapes by			The state of the s	
	I know that rectangles,	reasoning about	I can identify right angles			
	triangles, cuboids and	similarities and	in 2D shapes presented in			
	pyramids are not always	differences in properties.	different orientations.			
	similar to one another.					
					I can compare areas and calculate the area	
					of rectangles (including squares) using	
					standard units.	
	I can make 2D and 3D		I can draw polygons by	I can draw polygons specified by		I can draw, compose and decompose shapes
<u> </u>	shapes from smaller		joining marked points and	coordinates in the first quadrant, and		according to given properties, including
et	shapes to match and		identify parallel and	translate within the first quadrant.		dimensions, angles and area and solve
Ĕ	example, including		perpendicular sides.			related problems.
ō	manipulating shapes to place them in particular					
Geometry	orientations.					
	orientations.			I can identify regular polygons, including		
				equilateral triangles and squares, as		
				those in which the side-lengths are		
				equal and the angles are equal.		
				equal and the angles are equal		
				I can find the perimeter of regular and		
				irregular polygons.		
				I can identify lines of symmetry in 2D		
				shapes presented in different		
				orientations.		
				I can reflect shapes in a line of		
				symmetry and complete a symmetric		
				figure or pattern with respect to a		
				specified line of symmetry.		